FAST HIGH VOLTAGE TRANSISTOR SWITCHES

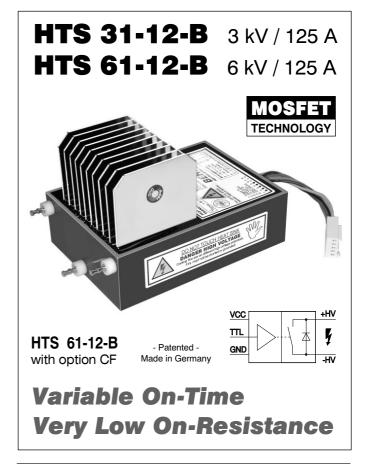
This new generation of BEHLKE high voltage switching modules utilize an advanced MOSFET technology with very low on-resistance, the so called Trench FET technology. The switching speed of those modern FET is slightly slower than that of a classical power FET, but is still much faster than that of any IGBT, which is preferably used to achieve low turn-on losses. The new MOSFET switches of series HTS-B combine very low dynamic switching losses with moderate turn-on losses and are a serious alternative to IGBT switches. Another important advantage compared to the fault sensitive IGBT is the positive temperature coefficient of the on-resistance, which makes the switch short circuit proof within the thermal limits. Furthermore overvoltage transients as well as voltage reversal respectively current reversal is less dangerous to MOSFET's than to IGBT's. Insofar these switching modules are well suitable for applications with high demands on operational safety even under worst conditions.

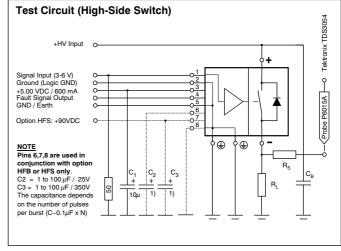
The switching modules incorporate all features of the well known HTS switch family: Easy handling, high reliability, low jitter and reproducible switching behaviour.

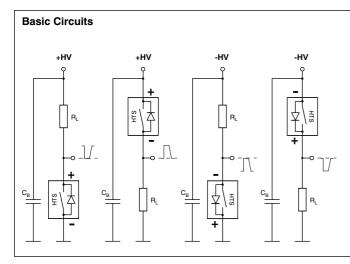
The switch is turned on by a positive going signal of 3 to 6 volts amplitude, provided the auxiliary power supply is permanently connected to the ± 5.00 VDC input. The on-time may simply be varied between 120 ns and infinity by the input control pulse width. An interference-proof driver circuit provides signal conditioning, auxiliary voltage monitoring, frequency limitation and temperature protection. In case of any false operating condition the switches turn off immediately and a fault signal is generated (TTL level). The high frequency burst operation (>10 pulses/100 μ s) requires the option HFB (connection of external buffer capacitors at the driver). For operation at higher frequencies than specified under $f_{(max)}$ the option HFS must be used. In that case an internal DC/DC converter must be supported by an external supply of ± 90 VDC ($\pm 5\%$, approx. 2-10 Watts depending on switching frequency).

Due to the high galvanic isolation the switches may simply be operated also in floating set-up's or in high-side circuits. Several housing options are available to meet individual constructional and power requirements. The standard plastic housing is used in low frequency applications with low average power dissipation. The plastic modules can additionally be fitted with non-isolated cooling fins (available as options CF, CF-X2 and CF-X3), which improves the max. Continuous Power Dissipation $P_{d(max)}$ by approx. factor 10 with forced air (>4m/s) or by factor 50, if the switching modules are immersed in isolating cooling liquids (e.g. GALDEN HT200, flow rate >0.1m/s, standard cooling fins). Another cooling method is given by the use of the grounded cooling flange (option GCF and GCF-X2). In conjunction with an optional water cooling plate or any other high performance heatsink, maximum power dissipations in the range of 0.5 to 1.5 kW are possible, with customized cooling flanges even up to 2.5 kW.

The modules can be installed on a printed circuit board, but if operated under air conditions, the use of option PT-HV (pigtails for HV connection) is recommended, in order to ensure a sufficient creepage distance according to industrial standards. For detailed design recommendations please refer to the general instructions for use.

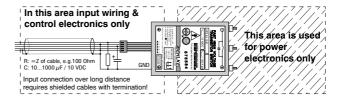






Important EMC Design Hints

- Keep the wiring as short as possible and avoid large induction loop areas of the peak current carrying lines; the forward and return lines should be installed as closely as possible together. Control and power circuit must not be mixed. Always keep the transformer principle in mind!
- Use shielded leads at the control side to minimize noise induction. Low impedance drivers
 with 5 Volt output swing (into 50 Ohm) are required for driving long pulse transmission lines.
 Signal transmission lines must be terminated properly (e.g. by 50 Ohm). The auxiliary power
 supply must be well decoupled by a sufficient buffer capacitor.
- This high speed switching module can generate extreme di/dt's and dv/dt's. Therfore it is not useful to operate the switch and its peripheric components without a shielded housing. Other electronics including power supplies (!) may be disturbed. Please note your local EMC / EMI regulations. Please also see our option offers for possible EMC / EMI relevant modifications.





TECHNICAL DATA

Specification	Symb.	Condition / 0	Comm	ent	HTS 31-12-B	HTS 61-12-B	Unit
Maximum Operating Voltage	V _{O(max)}	I _{off} < 100 μADC			3000	6000	VDC
Minimum Operating Voltage	$V_{O(min)}$	Increased t _{r(on)}		below 0.1 x V _{O(max)}	0		VDC
Typical Breakdown Voltage	V _{br}	$I_{\text{off}} > 1 \text{mADC}, T_{\text{case}} = 70 ^{\circ}\text{C}$			3150	6300	VDC
Galvanic Isolation	VI	Continuously	_	ard housing	15	5	
				ı PT-HV	25	5	
			Option	ISO-80	80)	kVDC
Maximum Peak Current	I _{P(max)}	$T_{case} = 25^{\circ}C$ $t_p < 100 \mu s$, duty cycle <1%		125			
	1 (max)	$T_{fin} = 70^{\circ}C^{*}$	F	I ms, duty cycle <10%	67	7	
		*measured at base	-	ms, duty cycle <10%	52	2	ADC
Max. Continuous Load Current	I ₁	T _{case} = 25°C	_ F	ard plastic case	2.6	2.5	
	_	T _{flange} =25°C		CF, fins in air >4m/s	10	7.1	
		$T_{fin} = 70^{\circ}C^{*}$	-	CF, in Galden® >0.1m/s	20.7	14.6	
		*measured at base	-	iCF, grounded cooling flange	28.9	20.4	ADC
Static On-Resistance	R _{stat}	T _{case} = 25°C	0.1 x l		0.48	0.95	
	· ·siai	· case == 0	1.0 x l	' '	1.2	2.4	Ω
		00.1/ T -		• •			
Maximum Off-State Current	I _{off}		′0°C, <5	μΑ leakage optionally available	50		μADC
Turn-On Delay Time	t _{d(on)}	@ I _{P(max)}			120	150	ns
Typical Turn-On Rise Time	$t_{r(on)}$	0.1 x V _O , 0.1 x			10	11	
		0.5 x V _o , 0.1 x			12	12	
		$0.8 \times V_0, 0.1 \times$			15	17	
		$0.8 \times V_0$, $1.0 \times$			25	30	ns
Typical Turn-Off Rise Time	$t_{r(off)}$	0.8 x V _{O,} 0.1 x I _{P(max),} resistive load, 10-90%			50)	ns
Minimum On-Time	t _{on(min)}	Lower t _{on(min)} or			180		ns
Maximum On-Time	t _{on(max)}	Please note po	ossible F	P _{d(max)} limitations	∞		
Switch Recovery Time	t _{rc}	t _{rc} = minimum	pulse sp	pacing	500		ns
Typical Turn-On Jitter	t _{j(on)}	$V_{aux} / V_{tr} = 5.0 \text{ VDC}$, fixed switching frequency			300		ps
Max. Switching Frequency	f _(max)	Pls. note possible Standard			20	10	-
	, ,	P _{d(max)} limitation	ns Or	ot. HFS, please consult factory	100	100	kHz
Maximum Burst Frequency	f _{b(max)}	Use option HF	B for >5	pulses within 100 μ s	2	1	MHz
Maximum Continuous Power	P _{d(max)}	T _{case} = 25°C	Standa	ard plastic case	8	15	
Dissipation	=(=,	T _{flange} =25°C	Option	CF, fins in air >4m/s	120	120	
		$T_{fin} = 70^{\circ}C^{*}$	-	CF, in Galden® >0.1m/s	516	516	
		*measured at base		CF, grounded cooling flange	1000	1000	Watts
Linear Derating Operating Temperature Range		T _{case} = 25°C		ard plastic case	0.17	0.33	
		T _{flange} =25°C		CF, fins in air >4m/s	2.66	2.66	
		$T_{fin} = 70^{\circ}C^{*}$		CF, in Galden® >0.1m/s	11.46	11.46	
		*measured at base		CF, grounded cooling flange	22.22	22.22	W/K
	To	Extended temperature range on request			-4070		°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{ST}				-5090		°C
Natural Capacitance	C _N	Capacitance between switch poles at V _{O(max)}			108	54	pF
Coupling Capacitance	C _C	HV side to GN		idard devices	9	16	Pi
Diode Reverse Recovery Time	O _C	or control side		GCF, grounded cooling flange	90	96	pF
	+	I _F = 10 A, T _{case} :			50		ns
Diode Forward Voltage Drop	t _{rrc}	I _F = 10 A, T _{case} =			3	6	VDC
	V _F			- 1			
Auxiliary Supply Voltage	V _{aux}	±2% stability recommended, max. tolerance ±5%			5.00		VDC
Auxiliary Supply Current	l _{aux}	@ f _{max}			600		mADC
Control Signal	V_{tr}	> 3VDC recom			26		VDC
Fault Signal Output		TTL compatible, short circuit proof, L=Fault			H= 4 V, L= 0.5 V		VDC
Dimensions	LxWxH	•			89x64x28		
		Option FC, flat case			89x64x19		
		-		ed cooling fins, standard size	89x64		
		Option GCF, grounded cooling flange 132x100x35		00x35	mm ³		
Weight		Standard plas	tic case		25	0	
		Option FC, flat	case		17	5	
		Option CF, nor	n-isolate	ed cooling fins, standard size	40	0	
		Option GCF, grounded cooling flange			960		g

Ordering Information

HTS 31-12-B Transistor switch, 3 kVDC, 125 Amps. Option ISO-40 Galvanic isolation increased to 40 kVDC Option ISO-80 HTS 61-12-B Transistor switch, 6 kVDC, 125 Amps. Galvanic isolation increased to 80 kVDC Option HFB High frequency burst Option PIN-C Soldering pins instead of pigtail/plug as control connection Option HFS High frequency switching **Option FC** Flat plastic case, module height reduced to 19 mm Option UL-94 Option LP Low pass at control input (delay +50ns) Flame-retardant casting resin according to UL94-V0 Option S-TT **Option CF** Soft transition time for simplified EMC design Non-isolated cooling fins, standard size, 35 mm height Option PT-HV Pigtails for HV connection **Option GCF** Grounded cooling flange, direct attachment to heat sink